

An Approach for Increasing Root And TLD DNS Servers draft-yasuhiro-dnsop-increasing-dns-server-01.txt

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Yasuhiro Orange Morishita <yasuhiro@jprs.co.jp> Masato Minda <minmin@jprs.co.jp> Japan Registry Service Co., Ltd. (JPRS)





Concepts of the draft

- This draft proposes increasing IP addresses of DNS servers without IP anycast, DNS protocol extensions
- Reducing DNS packet size by using "multipleaddresses per host"
 - authority section of DNS response packet
 - This does not violate the DNS protocol
- Zone administrator can add IPv6 addresses without (or minimum) reducing of IPv4 address





"single-address per host"

Example: single address per host

net. IN NS a.gtld-servers.net.

IN NS b.gtld-servers.net.

. . .

IN NS m.gtld-servers.net.

a.gtld-servers.net. IN A 192.5.6.30

b.gtld-servers.net. IN A 192.33.14.30

. . .

m.gtld-servers.net. IN A 192.55.83.30





"multiple-addresses per host"

• Example: multiple addresses per host

net.	IN	NS	x.gtld-servers.net.	
	IN	NS	y.gtld-servers.net.	
	IN	NS	z.gtld-servers.net.	
x.gtld-servers.net.		IN	Α	aaa.aaa.aaa.aaa
		IN	Α	ddd.ddd.ddd
		IN	Α	CCC.CCC.CCC
y.gtld-servers.net.		IN	Α	ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd
		IN	Α	eee.eee.eee
		IN	Α	fff.fff.fff.fff

. . .





Changes from -00

- Added 3 issues
 - "Number of Addresses per Server" issue
 - "Server Selection" issue
 - "Registration" issue
- Added the test result on appendix A
 - Some various cases of combinations
 - Number of DNS servers
 - IPv4 addresses per name
 - IPv6 addresses per name





"Number of Addresses per Server" issue

- DNS treats all the resource records (RRs) per 'RRSet' basis
 - This makes direct influence on additional section in a DNS packet. Because, if it is occurred at NS query, whole of glue A records may be cancelled
 - This is harmful for name resolution and this must be avoided
- We did the test some various cases of combinations "the number of DNS servers" and "IPv4 and IPv6 addresses per name", the result of the test on appendix A of the draft





"Server Selection" Issue

- If some trouble is occurred at one of the host of 'DNS server set', it may be harmful for whole of 'server set'
 - For example, one bad server may block access to other good servers
- It may effect server selection algorithm of DNS cache servers (not yet issued by draft)
 - On many implementations, multiple A returns 'round-robin' basis, it may effects DNS server selection algorithm





"Registration" Issue

- Some registries and/or registrars
 (especially root = IANA), this "multiple IP
 addresses registration" for DNS server host
 may not be allowed
 - I am not sure IANA allows this or not
- In this case, users can not register this

.jp registry allows the multiple IP addresses





ToDo

- Needs more tests and experiences
 - Testing the behavior of existing DNS server implementations (especially, DNS cache servers)
 - Treats of multiple address per name as glue A
 - Server selection algorithm
 - 'Round-robin' issue
 - Testing for searching most suitable pattern of number of NSes, IPv4 addresses and IPv6 addresses per name





Thank you

- Please give us comments
 - Yasuhiro Orange Morishita <yasuhiro@jprs.co.jp>
 - Masato Minda <minmin@jprs.co.jp>

